

OLSETAN

Consumer Medicine Information (CMI) summary

The [full CMI](#) on the next page has more details. If you are worried about using this medicine, speak to your doctor or pharmacist.

1. Why am I using OLSETAN?

OLSETAN contains the active ingredient olmesartan medoxomil. OLSETAN is used to treat high blood pressure. For more information, see Section [1. Why am I using OLSETAN?](#) in the full CMI.

2. What should I know before I use OLSETAN?

Do not use if you have ever had an allergic reaction to OLSETAN or any of the ingredients listed at the end of the CMI.

Talk to your doctor if you have any other medical conditions, take any other medicines, or are pregnant or plan to become pregnant or are breastfeeding.

For more information, see Section [2. What should I know before I use OLSETAN?](#) in the full CMI.

3. What if I am taking other medicines?

Some medicines may interfere with OLSETAN and affect how it works.

A list of these medicines is in Section [3. What if I am taking other medicines?](#) in the full CMI.

4. How do I use OLSETAN?

- Follow all directions given to you by your doctor or pharmacist carefully. Take OLSETAN at the same time each day.
- Swallow OLSETAN tablets whole with a full glass of water.

More instructions can be found in Section [4. How do I use OLSETAN?](#) in the full CMI.

5. What should I know while using OLSETAN?

Things you should do	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Remind any doctor, dentist or pharmacist you visit that you are using OLSETAN.• If you become pregnant while taking OLSETAN, tell your doctor immediately.• Go to your doctor regularly for a check-up.
Things you should not do	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Do not stop using this medicine suddenly, or lower the dosage, or take it to treat any other complaints, unless your doctor tells you to.• Do not give OLSETAN to anyone else, even if they have the same condition as you.
Driving or using machines	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Be careful driving or operating machinery until you know how OLSETAN affects you.• OLSETAN may cause dizziness, light-headedness or tiredness in some people.
Drinking alcohol	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Tell your doctor if you drink alcohol.• Your doctor may advise you to limit your alcohol intake.
Looking after your medicine	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Keep your tablets in the box until it is time to take them. Keep your tablets in a cool dry place where the temperature stays below 25 °C.

For more information, see Section [5. What should I know while using OLSETAN?](#) in the full CMI.

6. Are there any side effects?

Common side effects may include dizziness, feeling light-headed, cough, headache, feeling nauseous or vomiting, diarrhoea, tiredness, 'flu-like' symptoms, sore throat and difficulty swallowing, back pain, swelling of the face or body and urinary infection. Serious side effects may include swelling of the face, lips tongue or throat which causes difficulty swallowing or breathing, muscle or joint pain, fast heartbeat and chest pain. For more information, including what to do if you have any side effects, see Section [6. Are there any side effects?](#) in the full CMI.

OLSETAN

Active ingredient(s): olmesartan medoxomil

Consumer Medicine Information (CMI)

This leaflet provides important information about using OLSETAN. **You should also speak to your doctor or pharmacist if you would like further information or if you have any concerns or questions about using OLSETAN.**

Where to find information in this leaflet:

1. [Why am I using OLSETAN?](#)
2. [What should I know before I use OLSETAN?](#)
3. [What if I am taking other medicines?](#)
4. [How do I use OLSETAN?](#)
5. [What should I know while using OLSETAN?](#)
6. [Are there any side effects?](#)
7. [Product details](#)

1. Why am I using OLSETAN?

OLSETAN contains the active ingredient olmesartan medoxomil. OLSETAN contains olmesartan medoxomil, which belongs to a group of medicines known as angiotensin-II receptor antagonists. Angiotensin-II is a substance produced in the body which causes blood vessels to tighten. OLSETAN blocks the action of angiotensin-II and therefore relaxes your blood vessels. This helps lower your blood pressure.

OLSETAN is used to treat high blood pressure which is sometimes called hypertension.

Everyone has blood pressure. This pressure helps push blood all around your body. Your blood pressure changes at different times of the day, depending on how busy or worried you are. You have hypertension (high blood pressure) when your blood pressure stays higher than is needed, even when you are calm and relaxed.

There are usually no symptoms of hypertension. The only way of knowing that you have hypertension is to have your blood pressure checked on a regular basis. If high blood pressure is not treated it can lead to serious health problems, including stroke, heart disease and kidney failure.

OLSETAN is not addictive.

2. What should I know before I use OLSETAN?

Warnings

Do not use OLSETAN if:

- you have an allergy to OLSETAN or any of the ingredients listed at the end of this leaflet. Symptoms of an allergic reaction to OLSETAN may include skin rash, itchiness, shortness of breath, swelling of the face, lips or tongue, muscle pain or tenderness or joint pain.
- you have serious problems with your kidneys

- you have serious problems with your liver
- you have diabetes and are taking a medicine called aliskiren to reduce blood pressure
- you are pregnant or breast-feeding
- the expiry date on the pack has passed or if the packaging is torn or shows signs of tampering

Tell your doctor if:

- you have allergies to any other medicines, or any other substances, such as foods, preservatives or dyes
- you have or have had any other medical conditions, especially the following:
 - Kidney problems
 - liver problems
 - heart problems
 - excessive vomiting or diarrhoea recently
 - high levels of potassium in your blood
 - Problems with your adrenal glands (small glands above the kidneys)
- you are following a very low salt diet
- you are or intend to become pregnant or plan to breastfeed
- you are taking potassium supplements, potassium-sparing agents, potassium-containing salt substitutes or other medicines that may increase serum potassium (e.g., trimethoprim-containing products)

During treatment, you may be at risk of developing certain side effects. It is important you understand these risks and how to monitor for them. See additional information under Section [6. Are there any side effects?](#)

Pregnancy and breastfeeding

Do not take OLSETAN if you are pregnant or breastfeeding.

OLSETAN may enter your womb or it may pass into the breast milk and there is the possibility that your baby may be affected.

If pregnancy is discovered OLSETAN should be discontinued as soon as possible.

Use in children

- The safety and effectiveness of OLSETAN in children aged less than 1 year has not been established.

3. What if I am taking other medicines?

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking any other medicines, including any medicines, vitamins or supplements that you buy without a prescription from your pharmacy, supermarket or health food shop.

Some medicines and OLSETAN may interfere with each other. These include:

- other medicines to treat high blood pressure

- other diuretics, also known as fluid or water tablets
- non-steroid anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) or COX-2 inhibitors, medicines used to relieve pain, swelling and other symptoms of inflammation including arthritis
- potassium supplements or potassium-containing salt substitutes
- other medicines that may increase serum potassium (e.g., trimethoprim-containing products)
- lithium, a medicine used to treat mood swings and some types of depression
- any medicines that contain colessevelam
- any medicines that contain aliskiren

These medicines may be affected by OLSETAN, or may affect how well it works. You may need different amounts of your medicine, or you may need to take different medicines. Your doctor will advise you.

Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure about what medicines, vitamins or supplements you are taking and if these affect OLSETAN.

4. How do I use OLSETAN?

How much to take

- For most adult patients, the usual starting dose of OLSETAN is 20 mg once a day. The dose may need to be increased to OLSETAN 40 mg once a day if necessary.

How to take OLSETAN

- Swallow OLSETAN whole with a full glass of water.
- Do not chew the tablets.

When to take OLSETAN

- **Take OLSETAN at about the same time each day.** Taking OLSETAN at the same time each day will have the best effect. It will also help you remember when to take OLSETAN.
- It does not matter whether you take it with or without food.

OLSETAN helps control your condition, but does not cure it. Therefore you must take OLSETAN every day. Continue taking your medicine for as long as your doctor tells you.

If you forget to take OLSETAN

OLSETAN should be used regularly at the same time each day. If you miss your dose at the usual time take it as soon as you remember and then go back to taking your medicine as you would normally.

If it is almost time for your next dose, skip the dose you missed and take your next dose when you are meant to.

Do not take a double dose to make up for the dose that you missed.

This may increase the chance of you getting an unwanted side effect.

If you take too much OLSETAN (overdose)

If you think that you have used too much OLSETAN, you may need urgent medical attention.

You should immediately:

- phone the Poisons Information Centre (**by calling 13 11 26**), or
- contact your doctor, or
- go to the Emergency Department at your nearest hospital.

You should do this even if there are no signs of discomfort or poisoning.

Keep telephone numbers for these places handy.

If you take too much OLSETAN, you may feel light-headed, dizzy, or you may faint. You may also have a fast heartbeat.

5. What should I know while using OLSETAN?

Things you should do

- If you are about to be started on any new medicine, tell your doctor, dentist or pharmacist that you are taking OLSETAN.
- Have your blood pressure checked when your doctor says, to make sure OLSETAN is working.
- Go to your doctor regularly for a check-up.
- Your doctor may occasionally do a blood test to check your potassium levels and see how your kidneys are working.
- If you feel light-headed, dizzy or faint when getting out of bed or standing up, get up slowly.

Standing up slowly, especially when you get up from bed or chairs, will help your body get used to the change in position and blood pressure. If this problem continues or gets worse, talk to your doctor.

- If you plan to have surgery that needs a general anaesthetic, tell your doctor or dentist that you are taking OLSETAN.

Your blood pressure may suddenly drop.

- If you are about to have any blood tests, tell your doctor that you are taking OLSETAN.

OLSETAN may interfere with the results of some tests.

- Make sure you drink enough water during exercise and hot weather when you take OLSETAN, especially if you sweat a lot.

If you do not drink enough water while taking OLSETAN, you may feel faint, light-headed or sick. This is because your blood pressure is dropping suddenly. If you continue to feel unwell, tell your doctor.

Call your doctor straight away if you:

- **have excess vomiting and/or diarrhoea while taking OLSETAN.**

You may lose too much water and salt and your blood pressure may drop too much.

- **feel light-headed or dizzy after taking your first dose of OLSETAN, or when your dose is increased.**
- **become pregnant while taking OLSETAN.**

Remind any doctor, dentist or pharmacist you visit that you are using OLSETAN.

Things you should not do

- Do not give OLSETAN to anyone else, even if they have the same condition as you.
- Do not take OLSETAN to treat any other complaints unless your doctor or pharmacist tells you to.
- Do not stop taking OLSETAN, or lower the dosage, without checking with your doctor.

Things that would be helpful for your blood pressure

Some self-help measures suggested below may help your condition. Talk to your doctor or pharmacist about these measures and for more information.

- **Alcohol** - your doctor may advise you to limit your alcohol intake
- **Weight** - your doctor may suggest losing some weight to help lower your blood pressure and help lessen the amount of work your heart has to do. Some people may need a dietician's help to lose weight.

Diet - eat a healthy diet which includes plenty of fresh vegetables, fruit, bread (preferably wholegrain), cereals and fish. Also eat less sugar and fat (especially saturated fat) which includes sausages, fatty meats, full cream dairy products, biscuits, cakes, pastries, chocolates, chips and coconut. Monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats from olive oil, canola oil, avocado and nuts are beneficial in small quantities.

- **Salt** - your doctor may advise you to watch the amount of salt in your diet. To reduce your salt intake you should avoid using salt in cooking or at the table and avoid cooked or processed foods containing high sodium (salt) levels.
- **Exercise** - regular exercise, maintained over the long term, helps to reduce blood pressure and helps get the heart fitter. Regular exercise also improves your blood cholesterol levels, helps reduce your weight and stress levels, and improves your sleep, mood and ability to concentrate. However, it is important not to overdo it. Walking is good exercise, but try to find a route that is reasonably flat. Before starting any exercise, ask your doctor about the best kind of programme for you.
- **Smoking** - your doctor may advise you to stop smoking or at least cut down. There are enormous benefits to be gained from giving up smoking. There are many professionals, organisations and strategies to help you quit. Ask your doctor or pharmacist for further information and advice.

Driving or using machines

Be careful before you drive or use any machines or tools until you know how OLSETAN affects you.

As with other medicines in this class, OLSETAN may cause dizziness, light-headedness or tiredness in some people. Make sure you know how you react to OLSETAN before you drive a car, operate machinery, or do anything else that could be dangerous if you are dizzy or light-headed. If this occurs do not drive.

Drinking alcohol

Tell your doctor if you drink alcohol.

If you drink alcohol, dizziness or light-headedness may be worse.

Your doctor may advise you to limit your alcohol intake.

Looking after your medicine

- **Keep your tablets in the box until it is time to take them.** If you take the tablets out of the box they will not keep well
- **Keep your tablets in a cool dry place where the temperature stays below 25 °C.**

Do not store your medicine:

- in the bathroom or near a sink, or
- in the car or on window sills.

Heat and dampness can destroy some medicines

Follow the instructions in the carton on how to take care of your medicine properly.

Keep it where young children cannot reach it.

Getting rid of any unwanted medicine

If your doctor tells you to stop taking OLSETAN or it is out of date, take it to any pharmacy for safe disposal.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date.

6. Are there any side effects?

All medicines can have side effects. If you do experience any side effects, most of them are minor and temporary. However, some side effects may need medical attention.

If you are over 65 years of age you may have an increased chance of getting side effects.

See the information below and, if you need to, ask your doctor or pharmacist if you have any further questions about side effects.

Less serious side effects

Less serious side effects	What to do
Head and nervous system-related: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• feeling light-headed, dizzy or faint• headache	These are common side effects and are generally mild. Speak to your doctor if you have any of

Less serious side effects	What to do
<p>Gastrointestinal-related:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • diarrhoea • feeling sick (nausea) or vomiting • stomach pain <p>Respiratory-related:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • bronchitis • cough • runny or blocked nose, or sneezing <p>General conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • swelling of the face, hands, feet or ankles • sore throat and discomfort when swallowing (pharyngitis) • back pain • unusual tiredness or weakness, fatigue • 'flu-like' symptoms • an uncomfortable feeling in the stomach <p>Urinary system-related:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • urinary tract infection 	<p>these less serious side effects and they worry you</p>

Serious side effects

Serious side effects	What to do
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • skin rash or itchiness • aching, tender or weak muscles not caused by exercise • painful joints • fast heartbeat • shortness of breath or tightness in the chest • swelling of the face, hands, feet or ankles • yellowing of the whites of the eyes, dark urine and itching of the skin. • symptoms that may indicate high potassium levels in the blood, such as nausea, diarrhoea, muscle weakness, change in heart rhythm 	<p>Call your doctor as soon as possible, if you notice any of these serious side effects.</p> <p>You may need medical attention.</p>
Serious side effects	What to do
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • swelling of the face, lips, mouth, tongue or throat which may cause difficulty in swallowing or breathing • chest pain 	<p>Stop taking OLSETAN and call your doctor immediately, or go straight to the Emergency</p>

Serious side effects	What to do
	<p>Department at your nearest hospital if you notice any of these very serious side effects.</p>

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you notice anything else that is making you feel unwell.

Serious side effects are rare.

Other side effects not listed here may occur in some people.

Reporting side effects

After you have received medical advice for any side effects you experience, you can report side effects to the Therapeutic Goods Administration online at www.tga.gov.au/reporting-problems. By reporting side effects, you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

Always make sure you speak to your doctor or pharmacist before you decide to stop taking any of your medicines.

7. Product details

This medicine is only available with a doctor's prescription.

What OLSETAN contains

Active ingredient (main ingredient)	Olmesartan medoxomil 10, 20 or 40 mg per tablet
Other ingredients (inactive ingredients)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Hydroxypropylcellulose - Low-substituted hydroxypropyl cellulose (LH-21) - Cellulose microcrystalline (Avicel PH 101) - Cellulose microcrystalline (Avicel PH 102) - Hypromellose 6CPS - Talc - Titanium dioxide - Magnesium stearate
Potential allergens	Lactose monohydrate

Do not take this medicine if you are allergic to any of these ingredients.

What OLSETAN looks like

*OLSETAN 10 mg is white to off-white, round, biconvex, film coated tablets, debossed with "IO2" on one side and plain on other side (AUST R 358593).

OLSETAN 20 mg is white to off-white, round, biconvex, film coated tablets, debossed with "IO3" on one side and plain on other side (AUST R 358608).

OLSETAN 40 mg is w White to off-white, oval, biconvex, film coated tablets, debossed with "IO4" on one side and plain on other side (AUST R 358594).

The tablets are supplied in blister packs of 30 film-coated tablets.

*Currently not available in Australia

Who sponsors OLSETAN

Accord Healthcare Pty Ltd
Level 24, 570 Bourke Street
Melbourne VIC 3000
Phone: 1800 134 988

Who distributes OLSETAN

Alphapharm Pty Ltd trading as Viatris
Level 1, 30 The Bond
30-34 Hickson Road
Millers Point NSW 2000
www.viatris.com.au
Phone: 1800 274 276

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